## §412.332

intermediary uses the former hospital's base period to determine the hospitalspecific rate for each separate hospital.

- (ii) Inadequate original base year data. If the intermediary determines that the base period data for the former hospital is inadequate to establish separate hospital-specific rates, the intermediary establishes a new base period for each hospital. The new base period is each hospital's first 12-month or longer cost reporting period (or combination of cost reporting periods covering at least 12 months) immediately following separation of the hospitals. The intermediary determines the hospital-specific rate for each hospital using the new base period under § 412.328.
- (2) Payment determinations. The intermediary applies the payment methodology provisions of §412.336. The revised payment determination is effective as of the date of the hospital's dissolution.
- (3) Old capital cost determination. In determining the old capital costs for each hospital, the amount recognized as old capital is limited to the allowable capital-related costs attributable to assets that were in use for patient care as of December 31, 1990, and the hospitals are subject to all other transition period rules of this subpart.

 $[57~{\rm FR}~39828,~{\rm Sept.}~1,~1992,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~63~{\rm FR}~41004,~{\rm July}~31,~1998]$ 

## § 412.332 Payment based on the hospital-specific rate.

The payment amount for each discharge (as defined in §412.4(a)) based on the hospital-specific rate determined under §412.328 (e) or (f) is determined by multiplying the applicable hospital-specific rate by the DRG weighting factor applicable to the discharge under §412.60 and the applicable hospital-specific rate percentage for the pertinent cost reporting period under §412.340.

## §412.336 Transition period payment methodologies.

(a) General. For discharges occurring in cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1991 and before October 1, 2001, a hospital is paid under one of two payment methodologies described in §§ 412.340 and 412.344. Except as provided under paragraph (b) of this

section, a hospital is paid under the same methodology throughout the transition period.

- (1) Hospital-specific rate below the Federal rate. A hospital with a hospital-specific rate below the Federal rate (after taking into account the estimated effect of the payment adjustments and outlier payments) is paid under the fully prospective payment methodology as described in §412.340.
- (2) Hospital-specific rate above the Federal rate. A hospital with a hospital-specific rate that is above the Federal rate (after taking into account the estimated effect of the payment adjustments and outlier payments) is paid under the hold-harmless payment methodology as described in §412.344.
- (b) Special rule for revised hospital-specific rate. If a hospital with a hospitalspecific rate below the Federal rate requests that its hospital-specific rate be redetermined, the redetermined hospital-specific rate is compared to the Federal rate that is applicable to the new base period (after taking into account the estimated effect of the payment adjustments and outlier payments). If the redetermined hospitalspecific rate is higher than the Federal rate, the hospital is paid under the hold-harmless methodology effective with the beginning of the new base period and continuing throughout the remainder of the transition.
- (c) Interim and final determinations of applicable payment methodology—(1) Interim determination. The intermediary makes an interim determination of the applicable payment methodology based on the best data available and notifies the hospital of its determination at least 30 days before the beginning of the hospital's first cost reporting period beginning on or after October 1, 1991.
- (2) Final determination. (i) The intermediary makes a final determination of the applicable payment methodology based on its final determination of the hospital's hospital-specific rate. The final determination of the applicable payment methodology is effective retroactively to the beginning of the hospital's first cost reporting period beginning on or after October 1, 1991.
- (ii) If the hospital-specific rate is redetermined in accordance with